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LABORATORY



SOURCE EMISSION TESTING OF THE MEDICAL WASTE INCINERATOR, ANDREWS AIR FORCE BASE, MARYLAND

Robert J. O'Brien, Captain, USAF, BSC

OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIRECTORATE Brooks Air Force Base, TX 78235-5114

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December 1992

Final Technical Report for Period 8-9 July 1902

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Robert & O'Brien

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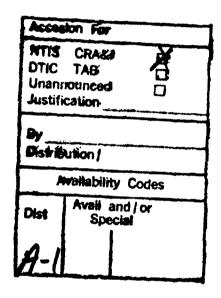
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
INTRODUCT	TION	1
Site D	oundescriptionable Standards and Guidelines	1 1 2
METHODS A	ND MATERIALS	5
RESULTS A	ND DISCUSSION	6
CONCLUSIO	NS	9
RECOMMEND	ATIONS	13
REFERENCE	S	14
APPENDIXE	اعب ا	
A B C D E F G	Survey Request Letter Personnel Information Temporary Operating Permit Calibration Data Laboratory Results Example Calculations Field Data Facility Data	15 17 19 29 33 45 51 59
	List of Figures	
Fig.		
1	View of Medical Waste Incinerator	2
2	View of High Energy Venturi Scrubber	3
3	Schematic Flow Diagram of the Incinerator/Scrubber System	4
4	Orsat Grab Sampling Train	7
5	Orsat Analysis Apparatus	7
6	Particulate/Chloride Sampling Train	8

List of Tables

No.		Page
1	Summary of Particulate Emission Results	10
2	Summary of Hydrogen Chloride Emission Results	10
3	Incinerator Operating Parameters, 9 Jul 92	11
4	Scrubber Operating Parameters, 9 Jul 92	12



DTIC QUALITY INSPECTED 1

SOURCE EMISSION TESTING OF THE MEDICAL WASTE INCINERATOR, ANDREWS AIR FORCE BASE, MARYLAND

INTRODUCTION

Background

On 8-9 Jul 92, source compliance testing for particulate matter and hydrogen chloride (HCl) emissions was conducted on the scrubber exhaust system of the medical waste incinerator (Bldg 1055) located adjacent to Malcolm Grow Medical Center, Andrews Air Force Base (AFB), MD. Testing was performed by the Air Quality Function of Armstrong Laboratory. This survey was requested by the Malcolm Grow Medical Center Facility Management Office (MGMC/SGG) to satisfy the State of Maryland operating permit requirements (Appendix A). Personnel involved with on-site testing are listed in Appendix B.

Site Description

The Andrews AFB medical waste incinerator is a Joy Energy Systems Model 480-E (Fig. 1). This incinerator consists of both a primary (lower) and secondary (upper) chamber. The primary chamber is equipped with an on/off natural gas burner and a manually adjusted underfire air blower. The secondary chamber is equipped with a modulating (high/low) natural gas burner. Additional combustion air required for the secondary chamber is supplied by a modulating flameport air blower, located between the primary and secondary chambers. The secondary chamber temperature serves as the control for both flameport air and the upper burner, while the primary chamber temperature controls the lower burner and underfire air. Loading of waste into the primary chamber is accomplished with the use of a hopper/hydraulic ram mechanical waste feed system. Continuous monitoring equipment for the incinerator consists of temperature-measuring thermocouples in both chambers and a draft pressure gauge in the primary chamber. The incinerator is currently utilized to burn Type 0 and infectious/pathological waste and has a design (rated) capacity of 385 pounds per hour (lb/hr) for this waste type.

To control the major pollutants (e.g., acid gases, particulate matter, etc.) found in the incinerator exhaust, the incinerator is equipped with an Airpol high energy venturi scrubber (Fig. 2). Absorption of hydrogen chloride and other acid gases is enhanced by the addition of caustic sodium hydroxide (NaOH) to the scrubber water. The scrubber liquid is recirculated through the venturi system with a specified amount bled off and replaced with fresh make-up liquid. An induced draft fan, located between the venturi and the stack, draws the incinerator exhaust through the scrubber system and forces it up the stack. A stainless steel impact (louver/baffle type) mist eliminator, located downstream of the venturi, helps control the amount of entrained water droplets carried over to the fan/stack. Continuous monitoring equipment for the venturi scrubber includes a draft gauge for measuring pressure drop, a thermocouple for measuring inlet temperature, a flow meter for measuring scrubber liquid flow rate, and a meter for measuring the pH of the liquid.

A schematic flow diagram of the entire incinerator/scrubber system is shown in Figure 3.

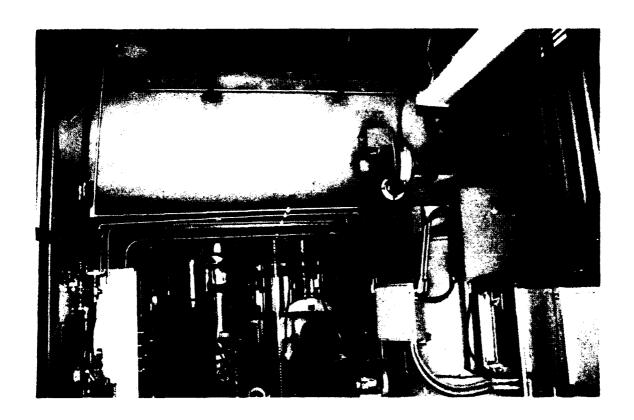


Figure 1. View of Medical Waste Incinerator.

Applicable Standards and Guidelines

The emission standards and operating requirements for the incinerator are stated in Temporary Operating Permit No. 16-0655-2-0116N, issued by the State of Maryland on 20 Oct 91. Although this permit has a 28 Feb 92 expiration date, a verbal extension was granted by the State of Maryland in Dec 91 to allow for the correction of mechanical problems prior to stack testing. The entire permit is found in Appendix C and the major provisions are summarized below:

- 1. Each waste charge shall be timed and weighed to monitor the hourly burn rate.
- 2. The weight of each charge may not exceed one-fifth of the rated hourly burn. The time interval between two succeeding charges may not be less than the time (T) in minutes determined as follows:

T = 60 x [charge / (hour burn rate)]

3. Auxiliary burners anall be used to raise the temperature in the primary chamber to be greater than 1400 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) and the secondary chamber to be greater than 1700 °F prior to charging any infectious waste. The temperature in the secondary chamber shall be at least 150 °F higher than the primary chamber.



Figure 2. View of High Energy Venturi Scrubber.

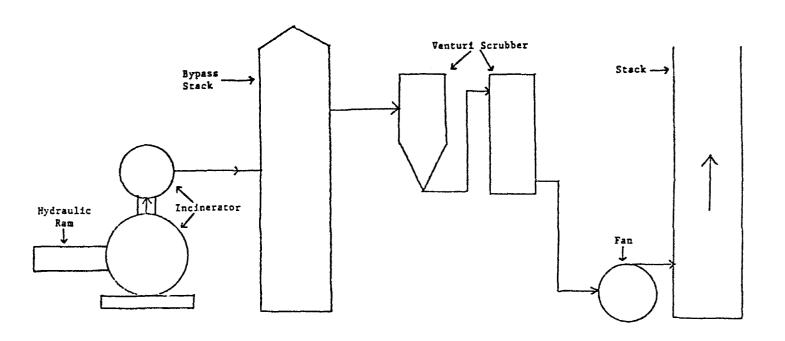


Figure 3. Schematic Flow Diagram of the Incinerator/Scrubber System.

- 4. Before the temporary permit to operate expires, stack emission tests shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the following:
- a. At least a 90% reduction of HCl gas unless the HCl concentration in the exhaust gas is less than 50 parts per million (ppm) by volume corrected to 7% oxygen (0_2) .
- b. Particulate matter emissions standard of 0.03 grains per standard cubic foot of dry gas corrected to 12% carbon dioxide (CO_2) .
 - 5. The following parameters shall be continuously monitored and recorded:
- a. Temperatures at the outlets of the primary and secondary chambers of the incinerator and the inlets of the venturi caustic scrubber; and
 - b. The pH and flow rate of the scrubbing solution.

METHODS AND MATERIALS

Sampling and analysis were conducted in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Methods 1 through 5 and 26. These methods are found in Appendix A to Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 60 (1).

The incinerator/scrubber system has a circular stack with three existing sampling ports, two of which are accessible for sampling. The port holes are located on the same horizontal plane, 90 degrees apart. During sampling, the port holes were 8.33 ft downstream from the nearest flow disturbance. Although not measured, the port holes were estimated to be greater than 12 ft upstream of the nearest flow disturbance. With an inside diameter of 1.29 ft, the sampling points during testing were between six and seven duct diameters downstream and greater than nine duct diameters upstream of the nearest flow disturbance. Based on this information and the type of sampling required, a total of 16 traverse points were used to collect a representative sample. Three sampling runs, 60 minutes each, were conducted and the results averaged to determine final emission values.

Prior to the first sample run on the stack, cyclonic flow was determined by using the Type S pitot tube and measuring the stack gas rotational angle at each point along the center traverse. Flow conditions are considered acceptable when the arithmetic mean average of the rotational angles is 20 degrees or less. As a precautionary measure, a flow straightening vane was installed in the stack prior to the cyclonic flow check. Measurements taken with the straightening vane in place showed the stack air flow to be within acceptable limits. A preliminary velocity pressure traverse, using the same Type S pitot tube, was also accomplished at this time.

A grab sample for Orsat analysis (measures 0₂ and CO₂ for stack gas molecular weight determination) was taken during each sampling run. Orsat sampling and analysis equipment are shown in Figure 4 and 5. Flue gas moisture content, which is also required for determination of flue gas molecular weight, was obtained during particulate/chloride sampling.

Particulate and chloride samples were collected using the sampling train shown in Figure 6. The train consisted of a button-hook probe nozzle, heated glass-lined probe, heated glass-fiber filter, impingers, and a pumping and metering device. The probe nozzle was sized prior to the sample run so that the gas stream could be sampled isokinetically (i.e., the velocity at the nozzle tip was the same as the stack gas velocity at each point sampled). Flue gas velocity pressure was measured at the nozzle tip using a Type S pitot tube connected to a 10-in. inclined-vertical manometer. Type K thermocouples were used to measure flue gas as well as sampling train temperatures. The probe liner was heated to minimize moisture condensation. The heated filter was used to collect particulates. The impinger train consisted of five glass impingers in series and was used as both a condenser (to collect stack gas moisture) and an absorber (to collect chlorides for subsequent hydrogen chloride determination). The first, second, fourth, and fifth impingers were of modified Greenburg-Smith design while the third impinger was a standard Greenburg-Smith type. The contents of each impinger were adjusted for HCl sampling in accordance with EPA Method 26. The first impinger was empty, the second and third impingers each contained 100 milliters (ml) of 0.1 N sulfuric acid (H2SO,), the fourth impinger contained 100 ml of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide (NaOH), and the fifth impinger contained 200 grams (g) of silica gel. Although not shown in Figure 6, the first impinger was added as a "knockout" impinger because of the high moisture content of the stack gas. The pumping and metering system was used to control and monitor the sample gas flow rate. Equipment calibration data are presented in Appendix D (2).

Following sampling and volumetric determination, the contents of impingers 1, 2, and 3 (along with the glassware rinse water) were combined and submitted to the Armstrong Laboratory Analytical Division for chloride analysis by ion chromatography. The results of this analysis are found in Appendix E. Example calculations for HCl determination are found in Appendix F.

Front half particulate matter (material collected on sampling train surfaces up to and including the filter) was determined for compliance purposes according to the procedure; specified in EPA Method 5. Field data from particulate sampling is presented in Appendix G. Emission calculations were accomplished using the "Source Test Calculation and Check Programs for Hewlett-Packard 41 Calculators" developed by the EPA Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards (3). Resulting emission calculations are presented in Appendix F.

Visible emission (opacity) readings were performed by State of Maryland regulatory personnel.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

All three valid sample runs were obtained on 9 Jul 92. A sample run performed on 8 Jul 92 was disregarded due to liquid transfer within the impinger train, a result of high moisture levels in the stack gas. To compensate for the high moisture content, a "knockout" impinger was added to the impinger train and the amount of liquid in impingers 2, 3, and 4 was lowered from 200 ml to 100 ml.

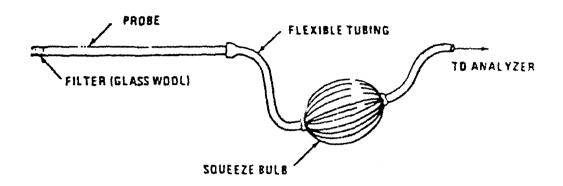


Figure 4. Orsat Grab Sampling Train.

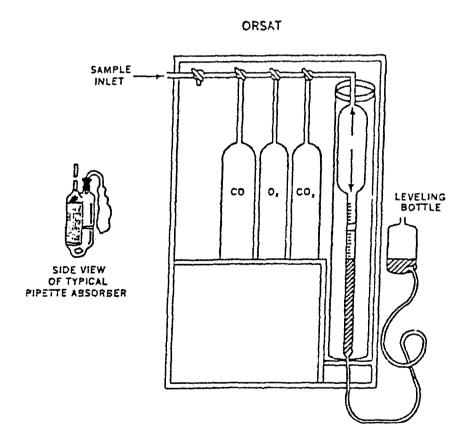


Figure 5. Orsat Analysis Apparatus.

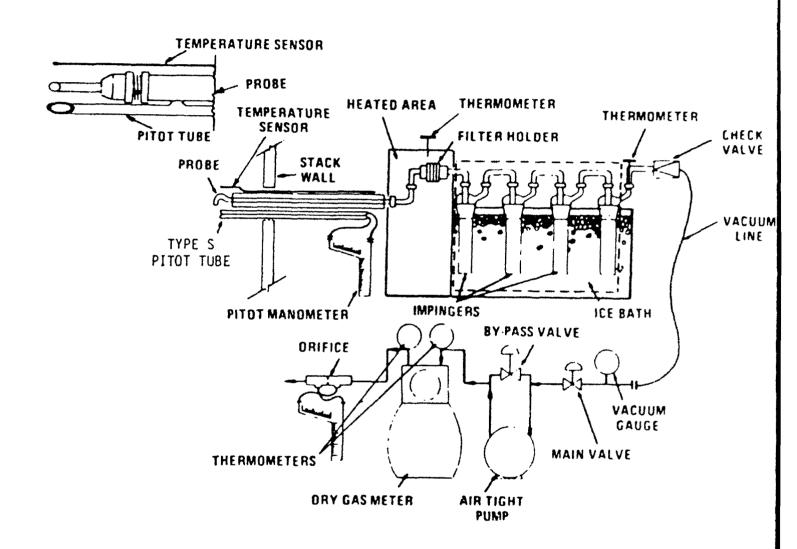


Figure 6. Particulate/Chloride Sampling Train.

Results of particulate sampling are shown in Table 1. The particulate emission rates are reported as grains per dry standard cubic foot of stack gas (gr/dscf), corrected to 12% CO₂. The final values are 0.032 gr/dscf, 0.053 gr/dscf, and 0.056 gr/dscf for sampling runs 1, 2, and 3, respectively. The average for all three runs is 0.047 gr/dscf.

Results of HCl sampling are shown in Table 2. The HCl concentrations are reported as parts per million (ppm) by volume, corrected to $7\%~0_2$. The final values are 2.95 ppm, 9.98 ppm, and 8.99 ppm for sampling runs 1, 2, and 3, respectively. The average for all three runs is 7.31 ppm.

The time and amount of each waste charge, along with the primary and secondary chamber temperatures at the time of waste charging, are recorded in a log by the incinerator operator. The log entries for 9 Jul 92 are found in Appendix H and summarized in Table 3. The burn rate during sampling runs 1, 2, and 3 was 362 lb/hr, 339 lb/hr, and 341 lb/hr, respectively. The average burn rate for all three runs was 347 lb/hr.

As required by the temporary operating permit, the temperatures at the outlets of the primary and secondary chambers are continuously monitored and recorded on a strip chart. A second strip chart is used to continuously monitor and record the scrubber operating parameters; including the inlet temperature, pressure drop, and the pH and flow rate of the scrubbing solution. The strip charts for 9 Jul 92 are found in Appendix H. An interpretation of the scrubber strip chart is shown in Table 4.

CONCLUSIONS

The amount of waste loaded during each charge and the time interval between two succeeding charges met the requirements of the temporary operating permit. The average hourly burn rate during the three sampling runs was approximately 10% less than the rated burn rate.

Except for a brief period at the beginning of run 1 in which the secondary chamber fell below 1700 °F, the temperatures in the primary and secondary chambers were above the minimum temperatures required by the permit. However, a majority of the time the difference between the primary and secondary chamber temperatures was less than 150 °F.

The test results show the average particulate emission rate (0.047 gr/dscf) is above the Maryland standard of 0.03 gr/dscf while the average HCl gas concentration (7.31 ppm) is well below the Maryland standard of 50 ppm. The particulate results are surprising, since the filters appeared relatively clean and no visible particulate emissions could be seen coming out of the stack. Although the exact reason(s) for the high particulate emission rate are not known, several possibilities are listed below.

1. During waste charging, smoke and flames could be seen coming out of the incinerator. This emission indicates the primary chamber is operating under positive pressure, usually the result of excessive underfire air and/or too high a primary chamber operating temperature. These conditions typically create a high amount of turbulence which increases the amount of particulate matter entrained in the exhaust gas stream. Additionally, the emission of smoke and flames from the primary chamber poses a potential health and safety threat to nearby personnel.

TABLE 1. Summary of Particulate Emission Results

Run #	Standard/Dry Sampling Gas Volume (dscf)	<u> </u>	Particulate Mass Collected (mg)	Particulate Emission Rate (gr/dscf)	Particulate Emission Rate Corrected to 12% CO ₂ (gr/dscf)
1	30.975	8.3	44.5	0.022	0.032
2	35.268	6.2	63.1	0.028	0.053
3	37.639	6.7	75.9	0.031	0.056
				Avg = 0.027	Avg = 0.047

Maryland Standard = 0.03

TABLE 2. Summary of Hydrogen Chloride Budssion Results

Run #	Standard/Dry Sampling Gas Volume (dscf)	% o ₂	Liquid Sample Volume (ml)	Cl Concentration in Liquid Sample (ug/ml)	HCl Concentration in Stack Gas Corrected to 7% O ₂ (ppm)
1	30.975	8.7	716.0	4.6	2.95
2	35.268	11.7	753.5	12.7	9.98
3	37.639	11.3	800.0	12.0	8.99
					Asser 7 31

Avg = 7.31

Maryland Standard = 50

Units for Tables 1 & 2

dscf = dry standard cubic foot

ppm = parts per million by volume

gr = grains

mg = milligrams

ug = micrograms

ml = milliliters

TABLE 3. Incinerator Operating Parameters, 9 Jul 92

Time (24 hr)	Weight of Waste Loaded (lb)	Primary Chamber Temperature (°F)	Secondary Chamber Temperature (°F)
		Run # 1	
1024	48	1517	1620
1032	48	1607	1662
1040	44	1509	1734
1048	46	1762	1741
1057	45	1637	1772
1105	44	1608	1769
1114	44	1676	1751
1122	43	1758	1768
	$Total = \overline{362}$	Avg = 1634	$Avg = \overline{1727}$
		Run # 2	
1314	37	1813	1797
1322	44	1782	1834
1330	36	1756	1845
1338	46	1750	1832
1346	41	1713	1878
1354	48	1691	1856
1403	44	1810	1849
1411	43	1731	1878
1411	Total = $\frac{339}{339}$	Avg = 1757	$Avg = \frac{1076}{1846}$
		Run # 3	
1531	40	1920	1005
1539	40		1805
1539	41 44	1864 1874	1848
1555	44		1843
	43 42	1905	1825
1604	42	1792	1906
1612	43 46	1763	1905
1620	40 42	1778	1903
1628	$Total = \frac{42}{341}$	1734	1934
	10(a1 = 341	Avg = 1829	Avg = 1871

 $[\]frac{\text{Units}}{24 \text{ hr}} = 24 - \text{hour clock (i.e., military time)}$

lb = pounds
°F = degrees Fahrenheit

TABLE 4. Scrubber Operating Parameters, 9 Jul 92

Time (24 hr)	Scrubber Inlet Temp (°F)	Scrubber Pressure Drop (in. w.c.)	Scrubber Flow Rate (GPM)	Scrubber pH
		Run # 1		
1026	1010	66	125	8.8
1031	1060	66	125	8.7
1036	1060	51	125	9.3
1041	1120	65	125	9.3
1046	1120	64	125	8.9
1051	1140	63	125	8.8
1101	1120	43	125	8.3
1106	1170	64	125	9.1
1111	1160	64	125	9.3
1116	1190	65	125	9.3
1121	1200	63	125	7.3
1126	1170	65	125	8.5
Avg	1130	62	125	8.8
		Run # 2		
1311	1230	61	125	9.2
1316	1250	62	125	7.3
1321	1260	61	125	7.1
1326	1260	54	125	7.5
1331	1260	61	125	6.8
1336	1270	60	125	6.7
1346	1290	60	125	6.6
1351	1290	58	125	6.7
1356	1290	60	125	6.6
1401	1290	58	125	6.6
1406	1290	54	125	6.6
1411	1310	_57_	125	6.8
Avg =	1270	59	125	7.0
		Run # 3		
1531	1290	59	125	6.7
1536	1320	57	125	6.6
1541	1290	61	125	6.7
1546	1280	60	125	6.9
1551	1260	54	125	8.7
1556	1320	57	125	9.2
1601	1340	56	125	9.4
1606	1340	57	125	9.4
1611	1360	55	125	7.2
1616	1330	44	125	6.9
1621	1370	56	125	6.9
1626	1370	_55_	125	6.8
Avg =	1320	56	125	7.6

Units
in. v.c. = inches water column
24 hr = 24-hour clock (i.e., military time)
GPM = gallons per minute
°F = degrees Fahrenheit

- 2. The density and turbidity (amount of dissolved and suspended solids) of the scrubber liquid may be too high. Excessive solids (e.g., particulate matter and salts) can result in erosion and pluggage of scrubber equipment such as spray nozzles. In addition, this condition also increases the amount of solids entrained in water droplets being carried out the stack.
- 3. The use of a caustic scrubber liquid may create scaling inside the scrubber system. This scaling may contribute to the solids content of the scrubber liquid and possibly cause plugging of equipment.
- 4. The scrubber system uses a stainless steel impact (louver/baffle type) mist eliminator. Although this type is extremely efficient for water droplets above 100 micrometers (μ m), it is not very effective for smaller droplets.
- 5. The gas flow rate and/or the liquid-to-gas ratio in the scrubber may not be properly set for effective particulate matter capture.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations are provided to help locate and correct possible problems with the incinerator/scrubber system:

- 1. The primary chamber temperature and underfire air should be adjusted to ensure a negative pressure within the chamber. The EPA recommends a draft of -0.05 to -0.1 inches water column (in. w.c.).
- 2. A 150 °F difference in primary and secondary temperatures must be maintained. If possible, the primary chamber temperature should be kept between 1400 and 1600 °F.
- 3. The density and turbidity of the scrubber liquid should be checked. If a high solids content exists, then the bleed rate should be increased to lower the solids to an optimum level.
- 4. The scrubber system should be inspected to ensure that no scaling, corrosion, erosion, or plugging of equipment has occurred.
- 5. Replace the current louver/baffle type mist eliminator with a filtering mesh pad type. The mesh pad is much more efficient for controlling smaller droplets (e.g., droplets 5 to 100 μ m). Ensure that a differential pressure gauge is used with any mesh pad mist eliminator.
- 6. The gas flow rate and liquid-to-gas ratio in the scrubber should be checked and optimally set to obtain maximum particulate capture efficiency.
- 7. Install oxygen sensors in both the primary and secondary chambers. This installation will help ensure the proper amount of combustion air is supplied. The EPA recommends operating the primary chamber under slightly starved air conditions (approximately 80% of stoichiometric) and operating the secondary chamber under excess air conditions (140 to 200% excess air or 12 to 14% 0,).

8. The strip-chart recorder for the primary and secondary chamber temperatures is extremely hard to interpret. Replace the current strip-chart recorder with one that has a degrees Fahrenheit scale. In addition, the pens for both chambers should be set for the same time.

The medical waste incinerator will need to be retested following your evaluation and implementation of corrective measures. Armstrong Laboratory will remain active in supporting the base's present and future needs.

REFERENCES

- 1. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Parts 53-60, The Office of the Federal Register National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, Washington DC, July 1991.
- 2. Quality Assurance Handbook for Air Pollution Measurement Systems Volume III, Stationary Source Specific Methods, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-600/4-77-027-b, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, December 1984.
- 3. Source Test Calculation and Check Programs for Hewlett-Packard 41 Calculators, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-340/1-85-018, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, May 1987.

APPENDIX A

Survey Request Letter



DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

MALCOLM GROW USAF MEDICAL CENTER (MAC) ANDREWS AIR FORCE BASE DC 28331-6300



REPLY TO

ATTN OF MGMC/SGG (Lt Klimek)

19 June 1991

subject: Request for Incinerator Stack Testing

TO AL/OEB Brooks AFB San Antonio TX 78235

- 1. The purpose of this letter is to request that your unit perform the required stack testing on our newly installed incinerator/scrubber at Malcolm Grow Medical Center, Andrews AFB, DC. (Reference: telcon, 17 Jun 91 between Maj Rick Cook, AFMLO and Capt Vaughn, your organization.)
- 2. The stack emission tests conducted must demonstrate compliance with all Maryland and EPA requirements for an operating permit. See attachment 1 for specific requirements and attachment 2 for incinerator type.
- 3. We are now in the process of hooking up utilities to our incinerator. I anticipate we will be ready for stack emission testing some time after 15 Jul 91. We have requested the State of Maryland provide a temporary operating permit to allow bruning to begin on 15 Jul 91.

4. If you have any questions regarding this request, please contact Lt Stephan M. Klimek or myself at DSN 858-6373/6530 or commercial 301-981-6373/6530.

JOHN A. VALENTINO

Facilities Manager

2 Atch

- 1. Spec for Operating Permit for MD
- 2. Incinerator Type

APPENDIX B Personnel Information

PERSONNEL INFORMATION

1. Armstrong Laboratory Air Quality Test Team

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AL/OEBE 2402 E Dr Brooks AFB TX 78235-5114

Phone: DSN 240-3305

Comm (210) 536-3305

2. Andrews AFB On-Site Representatives

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MGMC/SGG Andrews AFB MD 20331-5300

Phone: DSN 858-6373

Comm (301) 981-6373

3. Incinerator Contractor Representatives

Mr Robert Winterbottom Mr Harry Nelson

Robert J. Winterbottom, Inc. 7101 Redmiles Road Laurel, MD 20707

Phone: (410) 792-2590

4. State of Maryland Representatives

Mr Donald Chi (Maryland Air Management Administration)
Mr John Ault (Prince George's County)

APPENDIX C

Temporary Operating Permit



/illiam Donald Schaefer Governor	2500 BROE	F THE ENVIRONM INT ADMINISTRATION ENING HIGHWAY MARYLAND 21224		ert Perciasepe MENERUK MAKANCE Secretary
Construction	Permit X	Temporary Operating Permit		
PERMIT NO160655	-2-0116 N	_ Date Issued	October 20, 1	991
PERMIT FEE None		Expiration Date	February 28,	1992
Halcolm Grow Hed MGHC/SGGP Andrews Air Force		Same Prince Geor	SITE ge's County	
One Joy Energy Stepler of the sequipped with a h	ystems Model 480-E nigh energy venturi	DESCRIPTION ————————————————————————————————————	aste incinerato	r

This source is subject to the conditions described on the attached pages.

Page 1 of 6

(NOT TRANSFERABLE)

AMA-1 (Rev. 10-1-89) MDE 130

This permit is subject to the following terms and conditions:

Part A - General

1. Except as otherwise provided in the following provisions, the Company's application is incorporated as part of this Permit to Operate. That application consists of the original application received by the Air Management Administration (AMA) on June 26, 1991 and all amendments to the application. If there are any discrepancies between this permit and the application, the conditions on this permit will take precedence.

2. Right of Entry:

The Secretary, Department of the Environment, or the Secretary's authorized representative, including inspectors of the Air Management Administration, shall be afforded access to the Company's property, at any reasonable time and upon presentation of credentials:

- a. to determine compliance with the permit and applicable regulations;
- b. to sample any waste, air, or discharge into the atmosphere;
- c. to inspect any monitoring equipment required by this permit or applicable regulation;
- d. to have access to and copy any records required to be kept by this permit or by applicable regulations; or
- e. to obtain any photographic documentation or evidence.
- (3) This source is subject to all applicable Federal, State, or local requirements, including but not limited to the following regulations:
 - (a) COMAR 26.11.02.03, which prohibits the generation of noise such that the sound levels on the receiving property exceed the following values:

Page 2 of 6

SOUND LEVEL dBA

	Receiving	Land Use Cat	egories
	Industrial	Commercial	Residential
day	75	67	65
night	75	62	55

- (b) COMAR 26.11.02.03A which requires the Company to obtain a new permit to construct for this source if it is modified in such a manner that there is a change in the quantity, nature, or characteristics of emissions from the source.
- (c) COMAR 26.11.02.04A which requires the Company to obtain a permit to operate from the Department before operating the incinerator.
- (d) COMAR 26.11.06.08 and 26.11.06.09 which generally prohibit the discharge of emissions beyond the property line in such a manner that a nuisance or air pollution is created.
- (e) COMAR 26.11.08.04B which prohibits visible emissions other than water vapor in an uncombined form.
- (f) COMAR 26.11.15.05 which requires the Company to use the Best Available Control Technology for Toxics (T-BACT) to minimize toxic air pollutants.
- (g) To meet the T-BACT requirements for heavy metals, particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.03 grains per standard cubic foot of dry gas corrected to 12% CO₂.
- (h) COMAR 26.11.15.06 which prohibits the discharge of toxic air pollutants to the extent that the emissions will unreasonably endanger human health.
- (4) Prior to any changes in the quantities and/or types of materials used in this installation, approval shall be obtained from the Department.
- (5) Nothing in this permit authorizes the violation of any rule or regulation nor the creation of a nuisance or air pollution.

Page 3 of 6

(6) If any provision of this permit shall be held invalid for any reason, the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect, and such invalid provisions shall be considered severed and deleted from the permit.

Part B - Operation

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this part, the special medical waste incinerator shall be operated in accordance with the application and operating procedures as provided by the equipment vendors.
- (2) Each charge shall be timed and weighed to monitor the hourly burn rate.
- (3) The weight of each charge may not exceed one-fifth of the rated hourly burn. The time interval between two succeeding charges may not be less than the time (T) in minutes determined as follows:

 $T = 60 \times (charge/hour burn rate)$.

- (4) Auxiliary burners shall be used to raise the temperature in the primary chamber to be greater than 1400°F and the secondary chambe to be greater than 1700° prior to charging any infectious waste. The temperature in the secondary chamber shall be at least 150°F higher than that in the primary chamber.
- (5) The primary chamber shall be visually monitored hourly to assure that the burnout is complete before ash is removed and new waste is loaded. Ash shall be visually inspected periodically to assure the complete combustion of infectious waste.
- (6) The incinerator stack shall be monitored hourly to assure compliance with the requirement of no visible emissions.
- (7) The secondary chamber burners shall be operated for at least two hours after the last charge.
- (8) The proposed incineration system including a venturi caustic scrubber shall be properly maintained and visually inspected hourly to ensure the integrity and good working condition for each unit operation.

Page 4 of 6

- (9) The Company shall use the time period granted for the temporary operating permit to solve operational problems and to demonstrate compliance with all applicable air quality control regulations including stack emission tests.
- (10) The Company shall not operate the existing incinerator unless the incinerator is shut down for repair and maintenance.
- (11) Additional and modified requirements may be imposed by the Department as part of the annual Permit to Operate required by COMAR 26.11.02.04A.
- (12) The incinerator shall not be operated prior to installation of temperature recorders.

PART C - TESTING, MONITORING, REPORTING AND RECORDREEPING

- (1) The Company shall report periods of excess emissions to the Department as required by COMAR 26.11.01.07.
- (2) Before the temporary permit to operate expires, stack emission tests shall be conducted to demonstrate compliance with the following:
 - (a) At least a 90 percent reduction of hydrogen chloride gas (HCl) unless the HCl concentration in the exhaust gas is less than 50 ppm by volume corrected to 7% O₂.
 - (b) Particulate matter emissions standard of 0.03 grains per standard cubic foot of dry gas corrected to 12 percent CO₂.
- (3) At least 15 working days before the stack test is conducted, the Company shall submit to the Department a test protocol for review and approval.
- (4) Within 45 days after the stack tests, the Company shall submit to the Department the stack test reports which shall include the following:
 - (a) Emission data and the incinerator burn rate;
 - (b) Operating temperature in both the primary and secondary combustion chambers;

- (c) The flow rate and alkalinity of the scrubbing solution; and
- (d) The temperature at the inlets of the venturi caustic scrubber.
- (5) The following parameters shall be continuously monitored and recorded:
 - (a) Temperatures at the outlets of the primary and secondary chambers of the incinerator and the inlets of the venturi caustic scrubber; and
 - (b) The pH and flowrate of the scrubbing solution.

The records shall be kept on site for at least two years and shall be made available to inspectors upon their request.

Air Management Administration 2500 Broening Highway Baltimore, Maryland 21224

28

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO OPERATE INCINERATORS

I. PREMI	SE IDENTIFICATION:		
	Malcolm Grow Medical Center, Bldg 1050		16 0655
	PREMISE NAME OR IDENTIFICATION		PREMISE NUMBER
	MGMC/SGG Andrews AFB MB 20331	Pri	Ince Georgess
	PREMISE ADDRESS		COUNTY
I. EQUIP	MENT IDENTIFICATION:		
TIMU	TYPE EQUIPMENT (By-product wasin, municipal, etc.)	<u>LBS/NR</u> (Design)	REGISTRATION NO.
•	Regulated Medical Waste	385	20116 90
2			
I. AMOU	NY AND DESCRIPTION OF WASTE BEING INCINERATED:		
MIT	AMOUNT (Teny Year)	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	
1	135136 Z ype 6,	, Infectious/Pathologica	1
2			
. DESCA	PTION OF AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE		
<u>ut</u>	TYPE CONTROL DEVICE		GRAIN LOADING (at 124 CD ₂)
-	High Energy Venturi (Wet) Scrubber		0.03 grs/scfd
-			
□ ′ •	No ON-SITE TESTS PERFORMED	UNIT TO BE TESTED	15 Oct 91
		Stoplen M. K. There Birector, Constr	
		SIGNATURE AND	TITLE
	-	26 Jun 91	
	***************************************	DATE	
-27			

FIELD REPORT						
INSPECTOR:	DATE OF INSPECTION:	PERSON CONTACTED:				
Donald Chi Lee Haskins John Ault	October 2, 1991	Lt. Stephan M. Klimek				

DISCUSSION, CONDITIONS AND RECOMMENDATION:

The newly constructed special medical waste incinerator was inspected for Temporary Permit to Operate. The construction work has been completed except the installation of temperature recorders. The temperature recorders are expected to arrive any day.

It is recommended to issue the Temporary Permit to Operate with the condition that the incinerator shall not be operated prior to installing of the temperature recorders.

John Ault of Prince George's County will inspect again when the temperature recorders are installed.

APPENDIX D
Calibration Data

NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 9 July 93		Calib	rated by	O'Brien	
Nozzle identification number	mm (in.)	Nozzle Diameter ^a D ₁ , D ₂ , D ₃ , mm (in.) mm (in.) mm (in.)			D _{avg}
	0.300 in.	0 ,300 jn	0,301 ih.	0.081 in.	0. > 00 in,

where:

a_{D₁,2,3}, = three different nozzles diameters, mm (in.); each diameter must be within (0.025 mm) 0.001 in.

b $\Delta D = \text{maximum difference between any two diameters, mm (in.),}$ $\Delta D \leq (0.10 \text{ mm}) 0.004 \text{ in.}$

 $D_{avg} = average of D_1, D_2, and D_3$:

Quality Assurance Handbook 115-2.6

METER BOX CALIBRATION DATA AND CALCULATION FORM

(English units)

Barometric	pressure	$P_b = \underline{\gamma}$	<u>1313</u> in.	Hg C	alibrate	d by _	VAU	94n/0'	<u>Brien</u>
	Gas v	olume	1	emperat			T		
Orifice manometer	Wet test	Dry gas meter	Wet test meter	Inlet	gas met Outlet	Avg	Time		
setting (AH), in. H ₂ 0	(V _w),~	(V _d),	(t _i), °F	°F	(t _d), °F	(t _d), °F	(Θ), min	, Y	ΔHO in. l
0.5	5	5.015	L9 70	70 72	70 69	70.5	12.88	0,997	1.90
1 1.0	5	5,013	71 71,5	77 79	71	75.5	9,079	1,001	1.88
1.5	10	10.042	75 74.5	81 84.5	74 76	80,25	15.179	1.003	1.97
9 2.0	10	10.036	75 75	93 90.5	78 79.5	<i>85</i> . 0	13./63	1.005	1.468
° 3.0	10	10.103	75 74.5	43 94.5	84 82.5	88.5	10. 157	1.023	1.46
4.0	10	10,122	74 74	96 95	44 !	. 1	9.459		٤.00
							Avg	1.004;	1, 95

ΔH, in. H ₂ O	ΔH 13.6	$Y_{i} = \frac{V_{w} P_{b}(t_{d} + 460)}{V_{d}(P_{b} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}) (t_{w} + 460)} \Delta H e_{i} = \frac{0.0317 \Delta H}{P_{b} (t_{d} + 460)} \left[\frac{(t_{w} + 460) \Theta}{V_{w}} \right]^{2}$
0.5	0.0368	Y: = (5)(29.313)(70.5+460) AHE: = (0.0317)(.5) (70+460)(12.88)]
1.0	0.0737	Y; = (5) (29.313) (75.5+460 AHE; = (0.03/7)(1.0) (72.5+46) (77.5+460) AHE; = (7.03/7)(1.0) (72.5+460) 5
1.5	0.110	Y; = (10)(79.313)(80.75+460) AND; = 0.0317(1.5) [74.5+460X15.170] 10.047)(79.313+15.6)(74.5+460) AND; = 79.313(80.75+460)
2.0	0.147	Y: = (10)(29.313)(85+460) AHE: = 0.0317(20) [(75+460)(13.163)] HE: 79.313(85+460) 10
3.0	0.221	Y: = (10)(79313+355/40) He; = 0.0317(30) (74.5+40)(10.789)]2
4.0	0.294	Y; = (10)(19.313)(90+460) AHC; = 0.0317(4.0) [(74+460)(9.459)]2

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under $t_{\rm d}$.

Quality Assurance Handbook M4-2.3A (front side)

fost Cal	Andrews Path. Incin.	Pretest Y 1.004	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Ħ	V, P, (t _d + 460)	$v_d = v_h + \frac{\Delta ii}{13.6} + v_w + 460$	(b)(24.250)(f 3+460)	1.007 (100) (201 1/26) (11+460)	(Om 1 /2 / (Om 1 /2) (OS 62) (OS) S X 0 1	1.03 Z (10) 144 450 146 X 100 1
(S:	Plant	Pretes			>	; T			1.075	1.032
CALIBRATION DATA FORM (English units)	#3				, and a	setting,		5.0	5.0	0.5 15,21
(Eng)		r			 E	(0),		15.71	15.53	15,71
ATA FORM	ox number	eter numbe		ter	Inlet Outlet Average	A P		83	98	68
TION I	Meter b	y gas m	re	Dry gas meter	Outlet	, d	78	22 /2	28 82	85 85
ALIBR	266	Hg Dr	emperature	Dr	Inlet	To oF oF	386	88 81 80 14	28 82 06 28	94 93 85 85
POSTTEST DRY GAS METER C	Test numbers Date 31 Aug 92 Meter box number #3	Barometric pressure, $P_b=29.250$ in. Hg Dry gas meter number	Gas volume Te	Wet test	meter (+)		7 77	77 ''	17 15	77 (1
				Dry gas	meter (V)	£43,		10.01	9.88	9.875
				Wet test	meter (V)	fr ₃		0.1	10	10
	Test i	Вагош	Orifice	manometer	setting, (AI).	in. H ₂ 0	/ / /	۲./	1.4	1.4

a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under to. Acceptable Range .954-1.054

1.0%

 $V_{\rm w} = {\rm Gas\ volume\ passing\ through\ the\ wet\ test\ meter,\ ft^3}$

 $v_d = Gas$ volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft..

 $t_{\rm w}$ = Temperature of the gas in the wet test meter, $^{\rm o}F$.

 t_{d_1} = Temperature of the inlet gas of the dry gas meter, ^{o}F .

= Temperature of the outlet gas of the dry gas meter, oF.

 t_d = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, obtained by the average of t_d and t_d , ^{9}F .

 $\Delta H = Pressure differential across orifice, in <math>H_20$.

 Y_{i} = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

= Average ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for all three runs; tolerance = pretest Y ± 0.05 Y

 $P_{\rm b}$ = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

 $\theta = Time of calibration run, min.$

Quality Assurance Handbook M5-2.4A

APPENDIX E

Laboratory Results

AIR FURCE OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIRECTORATE BROOKS AFB, TEXAS, 28235-5000

REPURT OF ANALYSIS

BASE SAMPLE NO: CN920002

SAMPLE TYPE: NON-POTABLE WATER

SITE IDENTIFIER:

DATE RECEIVED: 920728

DATE CULLECTED: 920709

DATE REPORTED: 920809

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY: MALCOLM GROW MED CEN/SGPB

PRESERVATION GROUP G OEHL SAMPLE NUMBER: 92044223

Test

Results Units

Method

Chloride

4.6 µg/mL EPA 300.0

Comments:

ANALYSIS WAS DONE BY ION CHROMOTOGRAPHY.

Reviewed by:

Duryl S. Bird, GS-12

Chief, Inorganic Analysis

TO:

AL/OEBE

BROOKS AFB, TX 78235-5000

AIR FURCE OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIRECTORATE BROOKS AFB, TEXAS, 78235-5000

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

BASE SAMPLE NO: CN920003

SAMPLE TYPE: NON-POTABLE WATER

SITE IDENTIFIER:

DATE RECEIVED: 920728

DATE COLLECTED: 920709

DATE REPORTED: 920805

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY: MALCOLM GRUW MED CEN/SGPB

PRESERVATION GROUP G OEHL SAMPLE NUMBER: 92044224

Test

Results Units

Method

Chloride

12.7 µg/mL EPA 300.0

Comments:

ANALYSIS WAS DONE BY ION CHROMOTOGRAPHY.

Reviewed by:

Duryl S. Bird, GS-12 Chief, Inorganic Analysis

TO:

ALZOEBE

BROOKS AFB, TX 78235-5000

AIR FÜRCE OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIRECTURATE BROOKS AFB, TEXAS, 78235-5000

REPORT OF ANALYSIS

BASE SAMPLE NO: CN920004

SAMPLE TYPE: NON-POTABLE WATER

SITE IDENTIFIER: DATE RECEIVED: 920228

DATE COLLECTED: 920709 DATE REPORTED: 920805

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY: MALCOLM GPUW MED CEN/SGPB

PRESERVATION GROUP G DEHL SAMPLE NUMBER: 92044225

<u>Test</u> <u>Results</u> <u>Units</u> <u>Method</u>

Chloride 12.0 µg/mL EPA 300.0

Comments:

ANALYSIS WAS DONE BY ION CHROMOTOGRAPHY.

Reviewed by:

Duryl S. Bird, GS-12 Chief, Inorganic Analysis

TO:

AL/DEBE BROOKS AFB, TX 78235-5000

AIR FUNCE OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIRECTURATE BROOKS AFB, TEXAS, 78235-5000

REPURT OF ANALYSIS

BASE SAMPLE NO: BK920005

SAMPLE TYPE: BLANK/CONTROL SAMPLE

SITE IDENTIFIER:

DATE RECEIVED: 920728

DATE COLLECTED: 920709

DATE REPORTED: 920805

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY: MALCOLM GROW MED LEN/SGPB

PRESERVATION GROUP G

DEHL SAMPLE NUMBER: 92044226

Test

Results Units Method

Chloride

رر <.3 پر mL EPA 300.0

Comments:

ANALYSIS WAS DUNE BY ION CHROMOTOGRAPHY.

< - Signifies none detected and the detection limits.</p>

general and applicate the second of the seco

Reviewed by:

Duryl S. Bird, GS-12

Chief, Inorganic Analysis

Tü:

AL/OEBE

BROOKS AFB, TX 78235-5000

BLANK ANALYTICAL DATA FORM

Plant Hospital Inc	inerator			
Sample location Andrew	15 AFB			
Relative humidity				
Liquid level marked and c				
Density of acetone (pa) _				g/ml
Blank volume (Va)				_ m:
Date and time of wt 3 Aug 4		Gross wt	1023461	_ mg
Date and time of wt 3 Aug	92 1630 hrs	Gross wt	102346.0	_ mg
	Average	gross wt	102346.1	_ mg
		Tare wt	1023451	_ mg
	Weight of bl	ank (m _{ab})	1.0	_ mg
$C_a = \frac{w_a}{V_a}$ Note: In no case should a (or 0.001% of the blank we weight.	$\frac{ab}{\rho_a} = \frac{(1.8)}{(150)}$ a blank residue eight) be subtra	greater t	han 0.01 mg/	
Filters	Filter num	mber		
Date and time of wt				
Date and time of wt				
	Average gross			
Note: Average difference: sample weight whichever is	greater.	-	or 2% of tot	al
Remarks		-		
Signature of analyst Signature of reviewer				

Quality Assurance Handbo k M5-5.4

SAMPLE ANALYTICAL DATA FORM

Plant Andrews A	FB	Run	number 1	
	Hospital Incinerat	or		
Relative humidity				
Density of aceton				g/ml
Sample type	Sample identifiable		id level man container s	
Acetone rinse filter(s)	V /		V V	
Acetone rinse con	tainer number			
Acetone rinse volu	ume (V _{aw})			ml
Acetone blank res	idue concentration (C	a)	0.0085	_mg/g
$W_a = C_a V_{aw} \rho_a = 0$		1.786) = _	1.6	mg
	ut 3 Aug 92 0800 hrs	Gross wt	104864.9	mg
	vt 3 Aug 92 1630 hrs			mg
		e gross wt	_	mg
		Tare wt	104857.6	mg
	Less acetone bla	nk wt (W ₃)	1.0	mg
Weight of par	rticulate in acetone :			mg
Filter(s) containe				
Date and time of v	it 16 Jul 92 1500 hrs	_ Gross wt	3142	mg
Date and time of v	rt 17 Jul 92 1500 hrs	_ Gross wt	324.4	mg
	Average	e gross wt	324.3	mg
		Tare wt	▲ 286.3	mg
Weight of	particulate on filte	er(s) (m _f)	38.0	mg
Weight o	of particulate in acet	tone rinse		mg
To	tal weight of particu	ilate (m_n)	44.5	mg
Note: In no case the weight of acet Remarks	should a blank residu one used be subtracte	ie >0.01 mg	g/g or 0.001 sample wei	% of ght.
Signature of	analyst RANG. 0	Brig		
Signature of				

Quality Assurance Handbook M5-5.3

SAMPLE ANALYTICAL DATA FORM

Plant Andrews	AFB	Run	number	
	Hospital Incinerator			
Relative humidity				
Density of aceton				g/ml
Sample type	Sample identifiable	Liqu and/or	id level mar container s	ked ealed
Acetone rinse	V		V	
filter(s)	V		V	
Acetone rinse con	tainer number	•		
Acetone rinse vol	ume (V _{aw})			ml
Acetone blank res	idue concentration (C	a)	85	mg/g
Wa = Ca Vaw Pa =	(0.0085) (150) (0.786) = _	1. 6	mg
	wt 3 Aug 92 0320 hrs			mg
Date and time of v	wt 3 Aug 92 . 1630 hrs	_ Gross wt	93634.3	mg
	Average	e gross wt	93634.4	mg
			93627.1	
	Less acetone blan	nk wt (W _a)		mg
Weight of par	rticulate in acetone :	_	6.3	mg
Filter(s) containe				
Date and time of v	:	_ Gross wt	346.4	mg
Date and time of v		Gross wt	346.2	mg
		gross wt	346.3	mg
		Tare wt	189.5	mg
Weight of	particulate on filte	er(s) (m _f)	<u>56,8</u>	mg
Weight o	of particulate in acet	one rinse	6.3	mg
To	tal weight of particu	late (m _n)	63.1	mg
Note: In no case the weight of acet Remarks	should a blank residu cone used be subtracte	e >0.01 mg	/g or 0.001% sample weig	fof of of other of the other of
Signature of	analyst Rhut 9. 6	mi		
Signature of				

Quality Assurance Handbook M5-5.3

SAMPLE ANALYTICAL DATA FORM

Plant Andrews	AFB	Run	number	3
Sample location _	Itospital Incinerator			
Relative humidity				
Density of aceton	e (p _a) <u>0.78</u> l			g/ml
Sample type	Sample identifiable		id level ma	
Acetone rinse filter(s)	\ \		V	
Acetone rinse cont	tainer number			
Acetone rinse volu	me (V _{aw})			ml·
Acetone blank resi	due concentration (C	0.	0:35	mg/g
	0.0015) (150) (mg
Date and time of w	7t 3 4nin 42 0810 hrs	Gross wt	100350.4	mg
Date and time of w		-	100350.0	
			100350.2	
			100339.7	
	Less acetone blan	k wt (Wa)	104.5	- mg
Weight of par	ticulate in acetone r	_		
Filter(s) containe	r number			
Date and time of w	t	Gross wt	358.5	_ mg
Date and time of w	t	Gross wt	358.7	_ mg
	Average	gross wt	358.6	_ mg
		Tare wt	292.2	mg
Weight of	particulate on filte	r(s) (m _f) -	-	_ mg
Weight o	f particulate in acet	one rinse		_ mg
Tot	tal weight of particul	late (m_n) _	75.9	_ mg
	should a blank residue one used be subtracted			
Signature of a	inalyst Routo o'Au	in		
Signature of r				

Quality Assurance Handbook M5-5.3

	AIR POL	LUTION PARTICE	JLATE ANA	LYTICA		
Andrews A	158	9 July 92			RUN NUMBER	
BUILDING NUMBER			SOURCE NU	MBER		
i		PARTIC	ULATES			
	ITEM	FINAL (#	WEIGHT n)	INI	TIAL WEIGHT (如)	WEIGHT PARTICLE
FILTER NUMBER		0.32	43	0.	1863	0,038
ACETONE WASHIN Half Filter)	GS (Probe, Front	104.865 acetine blank	i		.8576 pty beaker)	0.0065
BACK HALF (II nee	oded)					
		Total W	eight of Panici	lates Cal	lected	0.0445
l		WAT	ER			
	ITEM	FINAL W		INIT	TAL WEIGHT (pm)	WEIGHT WATER
IMPINGER 1 (2220)		322			0	312
IMPINGER 2 (\$120) -		150		}	i o	50
(MPINGER 3 (Day)		102		1	0 0	٦.
IMPINGER 4 (SIN to)	Sot)	100		1 () 0	0
Impingers (s	itiza get)	3_88 Total We	ight of Water C		00	8
		GASES				382 ==
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANALYSIS 2	AHALY 3	SIS	ANALYSIS	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂	8. 1	8.3	8.3			8.3
VOL % 02	8.6	8.8	8.8	,		8.7
VOL % CO	A97	8 141				
VOL 2 N2					**************************************	
		ol % N ₂ = (100% - % C	02-502-5	CO)	-	

ł	AIR PO	LLUT	ION PARTIC	ULATE ANA	LYTIC	AL DATA		
Andrews	AFB	DATI	9 Jul	92		RUN NUMBER		
BUILDING NUMBER		<u></u>		SOURCE NU	MBER			
1.			PARTI	CULATES				
	ITEM			WEIGHT	IN	ITIAL WEIGHT	\perp	WEIGHT PARTICLE
FILTER NUMBER	9		0.34	63	0.	2895		6.0568
ACETONE WASHI Half Filter)	NGS (Probe, Front		43.634 acetone blank	4 k wt = 0.00i		,6271 pty bouker)		0.0063
BACK HALF (if n	eoded)							
			Tetal W	leight of Particu	ilates Ce	llected		0.0631
11.			MY.	TER			т	
·····	ITEM		Final Y		INI	TIAL WEIGHT	<u> </u>	WEIGHT WATER (Am)
IMPINGER 1 (#20)	•		375			0		375
IMPINGER 2 (1/20)			172		i	0 0		72
IMPINGER 3 (2) مار)			1055		1	0 0		5.5
IMPINGER 4 (SHice	. 0 al)		100		1	00		0
I-/1966 5 ((filica of:1)	-	₹ 0 7 Total We	ight of Water C	ollected	700		7 459.5 #
ш.			GASES	(D17)				
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1		ANALYSIS 2	ANALY 3	SIS	ANALYSIS 4		AVERAGE
VOL % CO2	6.7		6.).	6.3				6.2
VOL % 02	11.7		11, 7	11.7	,			11.7
VOL % CO								
VOL % N ₂								
		Val % N	f ₂ = (100% - % C	02.502.5	CO)			-

OEHL FORM 20

	AIR PO	LLUTION I	PARTIC	ILATE ANAL	YTIC	L DATA	
BASE	AFB	DATE	Jaly 9	72		RUN NUMBER	
BUILDING NUMBER				SOURCE NUM	IBER		
1.	ITEM		FINAL Y	WEIGHT	INI	TIAL WEIGHT	WEIGHT PARTICLES
FILTER NUMBER			0.358	86	0.	2922	0.0664
ACETONE WASHIN Hall Filter)	IGS (Probe, Front	1	8, 350 fore bl is) k ut = 0.001		3397 My beeker)	0. 0095
BACK HALF (II ne	eded)						
			Total W	eight of Particul	ates Cal	lected	0.6759
11.	ITEM		FINAL W	EIGHT'\	INI	TAL WEIGHT	WEIGHT WATER
IMPINGER 1 (H20)			348			0	348
IMPINGER 2 (H20)			254			100	154
IMPINGER 3 (عور)			107		į	00	7
IMPINGER 4 (SHI-co-	Call)		100			0 0	O
Zupingers.	(silica sel) 		2 10. Total We	5 ight of Water Co		- 00	519.5 m
111.			GASES	(Diy)			
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANAL 2	YSIS	ZYLANA E	15	ANALYSIS 4	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂	6.8	6.7	,	6.7			6.7
VOL % 02	11. >-	11.4	۲	11.2			11.3
VOL % CO							
VOL % N ₂						والمنافق وا	

 $Vel = N_2 = (100\% - \% CO_2 - \% O_2 - \% CO)$

APPENDIX P

Example Calculations

XROM *KE	TH 5-	XROM *M	ETH 5"	XROM THE	TH 51
RUN NUMBER		RUN NUMBER		RUN NUMBER	
ONE, 9 JULY 92		TWO, 9 JULY 92		THREE 9 JULY 92	
ANDREWS AFB		ANDREWS AFB	 .	ANDRENS PFB	
	run		RUN		run
METER BOX Y?		NETER BOX Y?	0 544	METER BOX Y?	
1.0048	RUN	1.9848	RUH	1.0048	ROS
DELTA H?		DELTA H?	Burn	DELTA H?	
1.0696	RUH	1.4508	RUII	1.6600	PUI;
BAR PRESS ?	_	BAR PRESS ?	Disc	BAR PRESS ?	
29.5658	RUN	29.5650	BÜH	29.5658	BUH
METER YOL ?		METER VOL ? 38.1858	PUN	METER VOL ?	RITH
32.3500	RUN	MTR TEMP F?	r.en	41.0750 MTR TEMP F?	Krn
HTR TEMP F?	6 144	168.0069	RUN	114.0000	Pilli
97.0009	RUN	2 OTHER GAS	NUN	% OTHER GAS	6.04.
2 OTHER GAS		REMOVED BEFORE		REMOVED BEFORE	
REMOVED BEFORE		DRY GRS METER ?		DRY GRS HETEP ?	
BRY GRS METER ?	PUN		PUN		RITH
STRIIC HOH IN ?	rva	STATIC HOH IN ?		STATIC HOH IH ?	
-,2289	RUH	2200	RUH	2290	RUH
STACK TEMP.	FQ-1	STACK TEMP.	•	STACK TEMP.	
178,9996	PEN	185.0000	RUN	193.0000	PUH
NL. HRTER ?	,	ML. MATER ?		ML. WATER ?	Berr
382.0000	RUN	459.5000	RUN	519.5000	Ruh
00013000					
				SRT % = 68.4	
SAT % = 49.3		SAT % = 57.6		SMI 4 - 00.4	
••••					
		*** * **** - ** *		IMP. % HOH = 39.4	
IMP. % HOW = 36.7		IMP. 2 HOH = 38.8		•	
		E 11011-20 0		% HOH=39.4	
2 HOH=36.7		% HOH=38.0			
		አ co 2?		% CO2?	
½ C02?		6.2800	RUN	6.7990	RUH
8.3000	RUN	₹ OXYGEN?	1.5.4	% OXYGEN?	Bun
% OXYGEH?	_	11.7988	RUN	11.3000	BOH
8.7986	Ruh	4 CO ?		% CO ?	Dilli
% CO ?		1 00 1	RUN	MAI UT ATUEDA	RUN
	RUH	NOL HT OTHER?	1 !	NOL WT OTHER?	RUN
HOL HT OTHER?	 :	-	RUN T		6.011
	RUN !		ľ	MNd =29.52	
Mit -00 (0	i	MHd =29.46		MN NET=24,99	
MWd =29.68 MW WET=25.39		MW WET=25.10	!		
UN ME: = 53.97			İ		
	i		*	SORT PSTS ?	
SORT PSTS ?		SORT PSTS ?	Aller	15.3658	Ruh
12.1136	RUN	[4.1389	RUH	TIME HIH ?	
TIME MIN ?		TIME MIN ? 60.0000	RUH	69.9099	PUH
60.0098	RUN	HOZZLE DIA ?	KUN	NOZZLE DIA ?	0181
HOZZLE DIA ?		.3090	RUN	.3000 STK DIR INCH ?	PUN
. 3098	RUN	STK DIA INCH ?	non	15.5989	RUH
STK DIA INCH ?		15.5909	RUN	13.3905	KUN
15.5000	RUH	14.0345	NO.:	* YOL MTR STD = 37.6	79
		* YOL MIR STD = 35.	268	STK PRES ABS = 29.	
* YOL HTR STD = 30.9	75	STK FRES ABS = 29		VOL HOH GAS = 24.4	
STK PRES ABS = 29.	.55	VOL HOH GRS = 21.	•	2 MOISTURE = 39.38	
YOL HOH GAS = 17.9	18	2 MOISTURE = 38.9	i	MOL DRY GAS = 8.69	6
2 MOISTURE = 36.73		MOL DRY GAS = 0.6	- 1	% NITROGEN = 82.00	
MOL DRY GAS = 0.63	3 !	4 NITROGEN = 82.1		MOL HT DRY = 29.52	
% MITROGEN = 83.88		MOL HT BRY = 29.4		MOL HT NET = 24.99	
MOL HT DRY = 29.68		MOL HT HET = 25.1		VELOCITY FPS = 40.	ál –
MOL NT NET = 25.39		YELOCITY FPS = 37		STACK AREA = 1.31	
VELOCITY FPS = 31.	.76	STACK AREA = 1.31	•	STACK ACFM = 3,193	
STACK AREA = 1.31	. i	STACK ACFN = 2,92		* STACK DSCFM = 1,54 % ISOKINETIC = 10	
STACK ACFH = 2,497	1	* STACK DSCFM = 1.4		4 190VIUELLO - 19	i
* STACK DSCFM = 1,29	•	% ISOKIHETIC = 1	, כל מע		
% ISOKINETIC = 19	0.15		/	END OF FIELD DATA	
		END OF FIELD DATA	•		
END OF FIELD DATA)	CHE OF FICER BAIN			
CON OF LEGEN NATU					

Particulate Emissions

XROM "MASSFLO"	XROM "MASSFLO"	XROM "MASSFLO"
RUN NUMBER ONE, 9 JULY 92 ANDREWS AF8	RUN NUMBER TNO, 9 JULY 92 ANDRENS AFB	RUN HUMBER THREE, 9 JULY 92 ANDREKS AFB
RUH	P UN	RUH
VOL MTR STD ?	YOL MTR STD ?	VOL MTR STD ?
30.9750 RUN Stack Discem ?	35.2689 PUN STACK DSCFM ?	37.6390 RUN STACK DSCFM ?
1,291.0000 RUN FRONT 1/2 NG ?	1,468.0000 RUN FRONT 1/2 MG ?	1,546,0000 RUN FRONT 1/2 MG ?
44.5090 RUN BACK 1/2 NG ?	63.1000 RUN BACK 1/2 MG ?	75.9000 RUN BACK 1/2 MG 2
RUN	PUN	SUR
F GR/DSCF = 0.0222	F GR/DSCF = 0.0276 F MG/MMM = 63.1823	F GP/DSCF = 9.23.1
F MG/MMM = 50.7336 F LB/HR = 0.2453	F LB/HR = 0.3474	F MG/MMM = 71.2116 F LB/HR = 0.4124
F KG/HR = 0.1113	F KG/HR = 0.1576	F KG/HR = 9.1871

Procedures for Calculating Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) Concentrations

Step 1 - Calculate the mass of HCl in the liquid sample.

m = S * V * 36.46 / 35.453

Where:

m = mass of HCl in liquid sample (µg)

S = concentration of chlorides in liquid sample (µg Cl /ml)

V = Volume of liquid sample (ml)

36.46 = molecular weight of HCl (µg/µg-mole)

 $35.453 = molecular weight of Cl^- (\mu g/\mu g-mole)$

Step 2 - Calculate the concentration of HCl in the exhaust gas.

$$C = [K * m] / V_{m}$$

Where:

C = Concentration of HCl, dry basis (mg/dscf)

 $K = 10^{-3} \text{ mg/µg}$

m = mass of HCl in liquid sample (µg)

V_m = Dry gas volume measured by the dry gas meter, corrected to standard conditions (dscf)

Step 3 - Convert HCl concentration into units of parts per million (ppm)

ppm = [mg/dscf * 35.31 dscf/dscm] * 24.45 / 36.46

Where:

24.45 = constant

36.46 = molecular weight of HCl

Step 4 - Correct HCl concentration to 7% oxygen.

ppm corrected to
$$7\% 0_2 = ppm * [(20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - \%0_2)]$$

Where:

20.9 = percent oxygen in ambient air

 x_0^2 = percent oxygen measured in the exhaust gas

Example Calculation for HCl Concentration - Run 1

 $m = 4.6 \mu g/ml * 716 ml * 36.46 / 35.453 = 3387 \mu g$

 $C = [10^{-3} \text{ mg/\mu g} * 3.387 \text{ \mug}] / 30.975 \text{ dscf} = 0.1093 \text{ mg/dscf}$

ppm = [0.1093 mg/dscf * 35.31 dscf/dscm] * 24.45 / 36.46 = 2.588 ppm

ppm corrected to $7\% \ 0_2 = 2.588 \ ppm * [(20.9 - 7) / (20.9 - 8.7)] = 2.95 \ ppm$

Procedure for Correcting Particulate Emissions to 12% Carbon Dioxide

gr/dscf corrected to 12% $CO_2 = gr/dscf * (12 / %CO_2)$

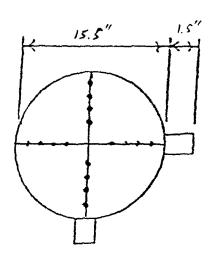
Where:

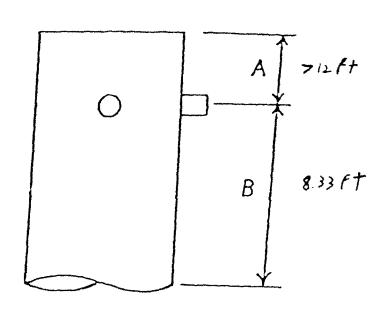
Example Calculation for Particulate Emissions Correction - Run 1 gr/dscf corrected to 12% $CO_2 = 0.022$ gr/dscf * (12 / 8.3) = 0.032 gr/dscf

APPENDIX G

Field Data

DETERMINATION OF MINIMUM NUMBER OF TRAVERSE POINTS





	PR	ELIMINARY SURVE	EY DATA S	HERT NO. 1
BASE /		PLANT		
1 /			\mathcal{D}	YOLOGICAL INUNERATOR
PATE DATE		MALCON GRO	W M	YOLOGICAL LOUNGHATOR
		SAMPLING TEAM		
BJ0192				
SQUACE TYPE AND MA	AKE.			
SOURCE NUMBER		INSIDE STACK DIAMET	TA	
				15-5 Inches
RELATED CAPACITY		······································	TANE BOE	The state of the s
l			1	
DISTANCE FROM OUTS	IDE OF NIPPLE TO IN	SIDE DIAMETER		
1				17 Laches
NUMBER OF TRAVERS	*	HUMBER OF POINTS/T	BIOPESP	I / LECROS
Z		-		
		8		
	<u>LO</u>	CATION OF SAMPLING	POINTS ALO	NG TRAVERSE
POINT	PERCENT OF GIAMETER	DISTANCE P INSIDE WA (Inches		TOTAL DISTANCE FROM OUTSIDE OF HIPPLE TO SAMPLING POINT (Inches)
1				۵. ۷
<u></u>				3.1
3				45
4				6.5
5				12.0
6				14.0
7				15.4
8				16.5
			1	

	PRELIMINARY SURV (Velocity and T	EY DATA SHEET NO. 2 emperature Traverse)	
BASE		DATE	
ANDREWS AFB		BJUL 9Z	
MALCOM GROW INSIDE STACK DIAMETER	PATHOLOGICAL IN	CLUGRATOR	
STATION PRESLIPE			5 Inches
ł		29.	85 In Hg
STACK STATIC PRESSURE		22	In H20
SAMPLING TEAM			
TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	VELOCITY HEAD, Yp IN H20	cychonic X	STACK TEMPERATURE (OF)
	/3	5	156
•	.16	.1	161
.2	.2/	30	170
4	23	. 4	/8.3
-	.27	0	RI.
-	.25	.4	19/
7	. 22	2	191
8	. 18	,	/89
		,- 4a,- <u></u>	
	AVG FRS 28 CALCULATION NOT DIA 0.3378		AX 1º 179
	4.5070		
<u> </u>	AYERAGE		

OEHL FORM 16

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	RUN NUMBER		T. Sansaria		TAR	JICULA I E S.	TAK IILULA I E SAMPLING DATA SHEET	▲ SHEET					
11	×	9,046	1 4 4 5 J 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ATIC OF STA	CK CROSS:	SECTION	EQUATIONS				TAMBTEN	L ENP	
TANDERSOLUCIAL FORLY TANDERS T	DATE						OR = OF + 46	Q.					0
The first of the first The		7,	T					_	1		514710	A PRESS	
The last waves The	Parroco	`1							T. Vp		HEATER	BOX TEMP	Ji ilg
A	MASE.						(747	B £ 25	
Continue	TAMPLE WAST	NUMBER					1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				242	3 £ 25	2
Continue	METER BOX H	UMBER	1				1600				1 (A)	FROIR	
TANVERSE SAMPLING STATES OF STATES O	0 m/0m	21		ø			Par Ma		ž		NOTEL	**************************************	
TRAVERSE SAMPLING STATUTE CONTICE CAS GAS METER TEAM TO THE POOL OF THE CONTICE CAS GAS TRACTION (FG) TO THE POOL OF THE CAS GAS TRACTION (FG) TO THE POOL OF THE CAS GAS TRACTION (FG) TO THE POOL OF THE CAS GAS TRACTION (FG) TO THE CAS GAS TRACTION	3		, Q	leter Ax			FOST LONG		iks			١,	
TANNETS SAMPLING ANTICE OF STATE POWERS THE			A 104	262	14. 28.2	6					DRY GA	S FRACTION (F	(6)
The strain The	TRAVERSE	SAMPLING	STATIC	15	TEMP	20 T			0.45	MEYED TO		- 1	
1.25	NUMBER	(min)	(in 1120)		(Ts)	HE AD (Vp)	DIFF.	SAMPLE	z.	2006	7.		20
1.00		1.25	415 20	SW/			3	(av ft)	CF	(E.E.)	(a.f.)	(4e)	T F N P
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	7	202	6.0	169		1	200	197.916	- 2%		20	246	255
1.	*1	11.25	212	183		19	28		7		7.5	245	4/8
1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	7	15.00	7:7	700		11.	.93		93		22	246	49
100 1.0	20			787		17/	69,		3 8	1	100	246	187
Jaco	2	26.30		192	1		13		3		1:	277	1
1.06 217. HO 244 347 1.06 218. HO 218. HO 244 347 1.07 1.03 1.02 1.02 1.08 1.00 1.02 1.02 1.09 1.00 1.02 1.00 1.02 1.03 1.00 1.02 1.03 1.00 1.03 1.03 1.00 1.03 1.03 1.00 1.03 1.03 1.00 1.03 1.03 1.00 1.00 1.00	В	30.0	2.3	180		3.8	7:00		001		26	947	703
1.25 2.0 (23 /2 0.59 4) 40 4/2. (20 /2 0.59 4)		10574				4.2	1,04		700		3	147	,
1.50								214.140					2
150 123 172 0.55 170	7 7									1	+		
10	,	4.0	2.0	(13.3		2/	0.59		:		100		
1.00 1.00 9.5 2.4 18.5 3.0 1.44 1.62 9.5 2.4 18.5 3.0 1.5 1.2 1.44 1.62 9.5 2.4 18.5 3.0 1.5 1.2 1.6 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 18.5 1.0 1.5 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.4 </td <td>ר</td> <td>27"</td> <td>2.0</td> <td>727</td> <td></td> <td>4.1</td> <td>1.44</td> <td></td> <td>1000</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>KTB</td> <td>79</td>	ר	27"	2.0	727		4.1	1.44		1000		1	KTB	79
18.75	#	003/	202			17.	- 445		100		20	47.6	1
12.30	·ŝ	18.75	7.0		Ť	25.	1.44		101		50	386	300
11.15 1.1 165 1.20 1.25 1.04 3.1 4.15 1.04 3.1 4.17 3.1.10 3.10 3.1 1.15 1.15 1.04 3.1 1.15 1.15 1.10 3.10 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1	4	85.77	3.0	,6,7		87	1.24		103		775	2.46	PR
33.10 3.1 194 1.25 1.094 37 2.47 1.25 1.094 37 2.47 1.25 1.094 37 2.45 1.25 1.094 3.105 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05	1	34.45	2.7	75%		07:	-1425		167		9,0	242	5.6
6 176 57 97 2.50.244 105 97 6.46	B	30.00	1.7	461		27.	1.25		707	j	17	4.47	5/
116 F. 97 31.85 E. 11.2								1	30/		27	24.2	3.2
167 FR 13			- 1						102	1	-		
				27.72						İ	+		-

RUN HUMBER		SCHERY	SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION	K CROSS'S	ECTION	EQUATIONS				AMBIENT TEMP	TEMP	
	N' TWO					0 - 0						0
DATE										STATION PAESS	paess	
9.701						S130	ر د کا	Tm		Sook	*	In Hg
ξ (•							Ţ.		HEATER	HEATER BOX TEMP	
BASE	CAL LOCIAL	T								PROBE	PROBE HEATER SETTING	NG OF
hacens	305					<i>U</i> ,	200	į		1	8175	
SAMPLE BOX	MUMBER					186 110	r Curck -	š		PROBE LENGTH	ENGTH	
N AUB BULL	0.500					The Les	ix Garan	× 10	1	72		ij
3						Psr 7.12	Par Pin Course - OK	¥	,	NO221E A	NOZZLE AREK-(M) dii. O.300	1
0€/√m		-				Post Len	Post LOAK CHECK-OK THE MY	K Zin t	,	ů,) But	
ຶນ		MA	767-	11 Km - 2	25.78					DRY CA	DAY GAS FRACTION (Pd)	6
TAAVERSE	**	STATIC	1.5.1		VELOCITY	ORIFICE	GAS	GAS	GAS METER TEMP	S dans	1	* IMPINGER
NUMBER	TIME (min)	PRESSURE (10 H 20)	(40)	(F.)	нЕ AO (Vp)	PRESS.	SAMPLE	# (e	AVG (T/B)	7 our	BOX TEMP	TEMP
7 8	475	1.4	1773		8/	3	267. 472	1	+		1	(2)
7	7.70	20	SY		7.7	0.80	211.112	10/		102	224	7.5
7	777	79	787		72.	28.0		101		707	23)	07
*	15.00	20	195		.27	1.21		607		104	231	57
3	(8.75	7.4	787		06.	28.7	-	0)//		707	336	55
7	16:30	1.8	787		.37	11.66)))		707	239	છ
	16.25	2.0	42		.38	177		733		70	7,5.7	47
R	\$4.00	9.70	787		34	4.64		1/2		30)	249	49
							248.703					
7,5										1		
3/	1.3	B/ +30	7577		30	64.7		101		30/	242	20
7	2.80	OJ.	740		020	1.46		7/17		101	244	.55
7	4.25	3.0	729		46.	1.58		7/1/		707	247	52
4	7540	3.1	767		141	2.77		7//5		100	747	53
7	1875	135	/18		.31	1,74		115		801	247	52
3	11.50	34	287		در.	1.49		7//		401	747	5.3
·	52.97	3.2	188		3.5	1, 63		5//		100	348	35
7	00.00	دبو	7,0		.21	1.00		1//6		601	347	55
***************************************				1			343.580	_				
		. ,	1885	14	801		38.105					
		107.4	14.1109	A.W.	241			1				
MHO, IMBU						_	_	-	_			_

AUBIER TEUP	4	STATION PREST	HEATER BOX TEMP	PROBE HEATER SETTING	ZYB'E ZS FAONE LENGTH	HOZZLE AMERIA) die-	O. 84 Out GAS FHACTION (F. 8)		T SAMPLE T			234	- 23	+	1 2 2	200	247			+	112 277 79		- 377	7077	2.10	167			
		L.,,,	T. V.		_1_	, 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10	`		<u>-</u> [(0F) (0R)		† 	1	7	<u> </u>				1		+						77		
SHEET	•	ئۇرۇ د	. 1.	,	,	2 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			SAMPLE T	_	269801	1						289 4/42										11.0.876	÷1.03
PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET	° R = 960	5130	 - :		120 150	12 (4 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)		0000	PACSS.	£	4.0%	7.00	1.27	28.7	4.76	146	442			591	1.08	1.86	1.68	77.7	4.73	7.87	182		
RTICULATE S.							8606.	₹	(% # V9)	;	17.	7.7.	.28	7.6.	K	35	77			35	4/4	7,7		42	-18	5	28:	15.16.58	
PARTICULA Schematic of Stack Cross Tection							. 294 441	15	(0F) (Ts)	337	181	181	361	169	287	*O*	1			774	100	400	900	-36%	200	707		(66) 1 . 15	
SCHEWA	T	1					HW.	STATIC	FRESSURE (ta 1120)	2.0	171	10	7.6	4.8	1	37				1.7	3.6				0,4	4.2		Z 111	7. 193
X40 Three		92	A TALIN			HBER		SAMPLING	(((((((((((((((((((125	7.50	4.45	13.00	627	16.15	10.00			36.9	03.4	37.11	00'5/	18.16	817	14.15	0000			
UNBE	DAYE	PLANT	13 MOLOGICAL	Arease 2016		METER BOX NUMBER	Co	TRAVERSE	A Shower H	41	1			9	7	6			1/2	7	7	7	7	*	7	4-			

APPENDIX H

Facility Data

191 191	:						
	_	HC: I NEKATOR	OPERATION	; cs i			
			i				
OPERATOR	nva.	NATA.	WEIGHT	TEMPE	TEMPERATURE RY SECONDARY	MOXES	
- Name of Northwest of	7. 5. 92. 1	1:63	م در		19.6	-	emplement delines made 1-5 m approp
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